Contents

List of Figures	>	
Series Editors' Preface		
Preface to the New Edition		
Preface	xv	
Introduction	1	
Chapter 1 "Death's Gwineter Lay His Cold Icy		
Hands on Me": Enslavement	40	
1 A European Slave Trader, John Barbot,	•	
Describes the African Slave Trade (1682)	42	
2 A Muslim Merchant, Ayubah Suleiman Diallo,	•	
Recalls His Capture and Enslavement (1733)	45	
3 An Employee of Britain's Royal African Company	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Describes the Workings of the Slave Trade (1738)	48	
4 Olaudah Equiano, an 11-Year-Old Ibo from Nigeria,	•	
Remembers His Kidnapping into Slavery (1789)	49	
5 A Scottish Explorer, Mungo Park, Offers a Graphic	.,	
Account of the African Slave Trade (1797)	51	
6 Venture Smith Relates the Story of His Kidnapping	,	
at the Age of Six (1798)	52	
Chapter 2 "God's A-Gwineter Trouble de Water":		
The Middle Passage and Arrival	57	
A European Slave Trader, James Barbot, Jr.,	3/	
Describes a Shipboard Revolt by Enslaved Africans (1700)	59	

X

2	Olaudah Equiano, Who Was Born in Eastern Nigeria,	
	Describes the Horrors of the Middle Passage (1789)	62
3	A Doctor, Alexander Falconbridge, Describes	
•	Conditions on an English Slaver (1788)	65
4	Olaudah Equiano Describes His Arrival in the	
	New World (1789)	70
5	An English Physician, Alexander Falconbridge,	
	Describes the Treatment of Newly Arrived Slaves	
	in the West Indies (1788)	71
	napter 3 "A Change is Gonna Come": Slavery in the	
Er	a of the American Revolution	74
I	The Poet Phillis Wheatley Writes about Freedom	
	and Equal Rights (1774)	75
2	Massachusetts Slaves Petition for Freedom (1774)	76
3	Virginia's Royal Governor Promises Freedom to	
	Slaves Who Join the British Army (1775)	78
4	Virginia's Assembly Denounces Lord Dunmore's	
	Proclamation (1775)	79
5	Connecticut Slaves Petition for Freedom (1779)	80
6	Boston King, a Black Loyalist, Seeks Freedom	
	Behind British Lines (1798)	82
7	A Participant in Gabriel's Rebellion Explains	
_	Why He Took Part in the Attempted Insurrection (1812)	84
8	Gabriel's Brother Explains the Rebellion's Objectives (1800)	84
9	President Thomas Jefferson Tries to Arrange for the	0
	Deportation of Men Involved in Gabriel's Rebellion (1802)	85
	napter 4 "We Raise de Wheat, Dey Gib Us de Corn":	
	onditions of Life	87
Ι	A Free Black Kidnapped from New York, Solomon	
	Northrup, Describes the Working Conditions of	
	Slaves on a Louisiana Cotton Plantation (1853)	88
2	Charles Ball, a Slave in Maryland, South Carolina,	
	and Georgia, Compares Working Conditions on Tobacco	_
	and Cotton Plantations (1858)	89
3	Josiah Henson, a Maryland Slave, Describes	
	Slave Housing, Diet, and Clothing (1877)	91
4	Francis Henderson, Who Was a Slave near	
	Washington, D.C., Describes Living Conditions	
	Under Slavery (1856)	93

5	A South Carolina Slave, Jacob Stroyer, Recalls the	
	Material Conditions of Slave Life (1898)	94
6	A Former Virginia Slave, James Martin, Remembers	
	a Slave Auction (1937)	95
7	Elizabeth Keckley, Born into Slavery in Virginia,	
	Describes a Slave Sale (1868)	96
Cha	apter 5 "Nobody Knows the Trouble I've Seen":	
	ual History of Slavery	98
I	The Inspection and Sale of an African Captive	
	Along the West African Coast (1854)	99
2	An Illustration of the Layout of a Slave Ship (1807)	100
3	Enslaved Africans on the Deck of a Slave Ship (1860)	102
4	Two Slave Sale Advertisements (1859, c.1780s)	103
5	A Fugitive Slave Advertisement (1774)	105
6	An Illustration of a Slave Auction at Richmond, Virginia (1856)	107
7	Five Generations of a Slave Family (c.1850s)	108
8	An Engraving Illustrating Nat Turner's Insurrection (c.1831)	109
9	A Plantation Manual Offers Detailed Instructions	•
	to Overseers about How They Are to Treat	
	Nursing Mothers (1857–1858)	110
10	African Americans in Baltimore Celebrate the	
	Ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment,	
	Extending the Vote to Black Men (1870)	111
Cha	apter 6 "O Mother Don't You Weep": Women,	
	ldren, and Families	114
I	Harriet Jacobs Describes Her Efforts to Escape	
_	Verbal, Physical, and Sexual Abuse (1861)	115
2	Bethany Veney Describes How She Aborted a	,
	Slave Sale (1889)	119
3	Susie King Taylor Escapes to Freedom During	ĺ
,	the Civil War (1902)	121
4	Jacob Stroyer Recalls the Formative Experiences	
•	of His Childhood (1898)	123
5	James W. C. Pennington Analyzes the Impact of	_
J	Slavery upon Childhood (1849)	126
6	Lunsford Lane Describes the Moment When	
	He First Recognized the Meaning of Slavery (1842)	128
7	Laura Spicer Learns that Her Husband, Who Had	
	Reen Sold Away Has Taken Another Wife (1860)	120

8	An Overseer Attempts to Rape Josiah Henson's	
	Mother (1877)	132
9	Lewis Clarke Discusses the Impact of Slavery on	
	Family Life (1846)	135
Cł	napter 7 "Go Home to My Lord and Be Free": Religion	138
I	Olaudah Equiano, from Eastern Nigeria, Describes	
	West African Religious Beliefs and Practices (1789)	139
2.	Charles Ball, a Slave in Maryland, Remembers a	
	Slave Funeral, which Incorporated Traditional	
	African Customs (1837)	142
3	Peter Randolph, a Former Virginia Slave,	
	Describes the Religious Gatherings Slaves Held	
	Outside of Their Masters' Supervision (1893)	142
4	Henry Bibb, Who Toiled in Slavery in Kentucky,	
	Louisiana, and Arkansas, Discusses "Conjuration" (1849)	145
	hapter 8 "Oppressed So Hard They Could	
N	ot Stand": Punishment	148
1	Frederick Douglass, a Fugitive Slave from	
	Maryland, Describes the Circumstances that	
	Prompted Masters to Whip Slaves (1845)	149
2.	Elizabeth Keckley of Virginia Describes a Lashing	
	She Received (1868)	150
3	John Brown, Born into Slavery in Virginia,	
	Has Bells and Horns Fastened on His Head (1855)	152
4	William Wells Brown, a Missouri Slave Driver,	
	Is Tied Up in a Smokehouse (1847)	153
5	Moses Roper, a Slave in Georgia and the Carolinas,	
	Is Punished for Attempting to Run Away (1837)	154
6	A Kentucky Slave, Lewis Clarke, Describes the	
	Implements His Mistress Used to Beat Him (1846)	15
C	hapter 9 "Let My People Go": Resistance and Flight	157
1	Frederick Douglass Resists a Slave Breaker (1845)	158
2	Nat Turner, a Baptist Preacher in Virginia, Describes	
	His Revolt Against Slavery (1831)	163
3	Harriet Tubman, a Former Maryland Slave, Sneaks	
	into the South to Free Slaves (1872)	167
4	Harriet Tubman's Life and Methods for Liberating	
	Slaves (1863, 1865)	169

5	Levi Coffin, the "President" of the Underground	
	Railroad, Assists Fugitives to Escape Slavery (1876)	172
6	A Maryland Slave, Margaret Ward, Follows the	
	North Star to Freedom (1879)	174
7	Frederick Douglass Borrows a Sailor's Papers to	
	Escape Slavery (1855, 1895)	177
8	Henry "Box" Brown of Virginia Escapes Slavery	
	in a Sealed Box (1872)	179
9	Margaret Garner, a Fugitive Slave from Kentucky,	
	Kills Her Daughter Rather Than See Her Returned	
	to Slavery (1876)	181
Cha	apter 10 "The Walls Came Tumblin' Down": Emancipation	184
I	Hannah Johnson, the Mother of a Black Soldier,	
	Pleads with President Abraham Lincoln Not to	
	Rescind the Emancipation Proclamation (1863)	185
2	Private Thomas Long Assesses the Meaning of	
	Black Military Service During the Civil War (1870)	186
3	Corporal Jackson Cherry Appeals for Equal	
	Opportunity for Former Slaves (1865)	187
4	Jourdon Anderson, a former Tennessee Slave,	
	Declines His Former Master's Invitation to Return	
	to His Plantation (1865)	188
5	Major General Rufus Saxon Assesses the Freedmen's	
	Aspirations (1866)	190
6	Colonel Samuel Thomas Describes the Attitudes	
	of Ex-Confederates Toward the Freedmen (1865)	191
7	Francis L. Cardozo of South Carolina Asks for	
	Land for the Freedmen (1868)	192
8	The Rev. Elias Hill Is Attacked by the Ku Klux Klan (1872)	193
9	Henry Blake, a Former Arkansas Slave, Describes	
	Sharecropping (1937)	194
10	Frederick Douglass Assesses the Condition of	
	the Freedmen (1880)	195
Bib	liographical Essay	198
	Bibliography	
Index		236